

THE USE OF ENGLISH NOUN PHRASES



**A Thesis Presented to the English Department,
the Faculty of Letters, Catholic University of Widya Mandala Madiun
as a Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements
for the Sarjana Degree
in English**

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MADIUN
2014**

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This is to certify that all of the ideas, phrases, and sentences within my thesis entitled "The Use of English Noun Phrases", unless otherwise stated, are my own ideas, phrases, and sentences.

If I deceitfully take somebody else's ideas, phrases, and sentences without due and proper reference, I hereby acknowledge and will accept all consequences including cancellation of my academic degree and my status as student of Catholic University of Widya Mandala Madiun.

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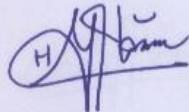
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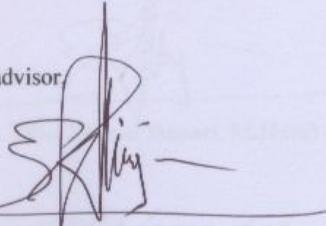
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DEDICATION

This thesis is dedicated to:

- my Almighty God, Alloh SWT
- my beloved parents, Siswo Suyatno
and Harsi
- my beloved sisters, Lilis and Anita
- all of my friends who have supported
and accompanied me
- my lecturers
- my Alma Mater

MOTTO

“Knowing others is intelligence; knowing yourself is true wisdom. Mastering others is strength; mastering yourself is true power. If you realize that you have enough, you are truly rich”

(Lao Tzu, Tao Te Cing)

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LIA SISKA SELFI PERDANI

ABSTRACT

LIA SISKA SELFI PERDANI (2013). THE USE OF ENGLISH NOUN PHRASE

Madiun: The English Department, The Faculty of Letters, Catholic University of Widya Mandala Madiun.

This study discusses English noun phrases. It focuses on the kinds of modifier and functions of noun phrase.

This research is descriptive in nature. It was conducted through the following steps: collecting, classifying, and analyzing the data. The data were obtained from *Time* magazine of January 2013. The population of this research was all of the sentences containing noun phrases within the magazine. To get the sample, this research applied purposive sampling. So, the sample represents the information of the population of the data.

Based on their categories, noun modifiers included nouns, adjectives, verbs, adverbs and function words. Due to their form, noun modifiers were words, phrases and clauses. In this case, words were the highest frequency in use, while noun clauses were the lowest.

Functionally, noun phrases acted as subject, object, complement and modifier in sentence constructions. The most common function filled with noun phrase was subject, while, the least was modifier.

ABSTRAK

LIA SISKA SELFI PERDANI (2013). THE USE OF ENGLISH NOUN PHRASE

Madiun : Jurusan Sastra Inggris, Fakultas Sastra, Universitas Katolik Widya Mandala Madiun.

Penelitian ini membahas penggunaan frasa nomina dalam bahasa Inggris. Penulis membahas dua masalah, yaitu jenis-jenis *modifier* dan fungsi frasa nomina dalam konstruksi kalimat.

Penelitian ini menggunakan metode deskriptif yang meliputi tahapan berupa mengumpulkan, mengklasifikasikan, dan menganalisis data. Data berasal dari majalah *Time* edisi January 2013. Populasinya merupakan seluruh kalimat yang memiliki frasa benda di dalamnya. Untuk memperoleh sampel, penelitian ini menerapkan *purposive sampling*, yaitu menganalisis sampel yang mewakili seluruh data.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa *modifier* frasa nomina berdasarkan kategorinya yaitu nomina, ajektiva, verba, adverba, dan *function word*. Menurut strukturnya, frasa nomina terdiri atas kata, frasa dan klausa. Penggunaan kata sebagai keterangan menduduki posisi tertinggi, sedangkan klausa terendah.

Berdasarkan fungsinya dalam kalimat, terdapat empat fungsi frasa benda yaitu sebagai subyek, obyek, pelengkap dan keterangan dalam konstruksi kalimat. Dari keseluruhan data, sebagian besar frasa nomina berfungsi sebagai subyek, khususnya *real* subyek. Sementara, hanya sebagian kecil yang berfungsi sebagai keterangan.

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