

CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION

The research entitled “A Study On *-Ing* Forms in English discusses English *-ing* form. It focuses on two problems namely, their kinds and their functions in syntactic structures. Due to its kinds, English *-ing* forms may be gerund, present participle, noun, and adjective. Whether an *-ing* form is a gerund, a present participle, a noun, or an adjective is closely concerned with its relation to other words in a syntactical construction.

The functional slots may be filled by English *-ing* form. The function includes subject, predicate, object, modifier, and complement. Gerund and noun may act as subject and object. Next, present participle may act as predicate. Then, gerund, present participle and adjective may function as modifier. Further, gerund, present participle, noun, or adjective may fill the function of complement.

This research is descriptive in nature. It involves the following steps: collecting, classifying, and analyzing data. The source of the data is taken from the *Campus* magazine published by Pelita Harapan University. The population of this research is all of the sentences containing English *-ing* forms. To obtain the sample, this research applies total sampling. Because the total number of the data is only 227, all of the data is analyzed one by one.

The analysis method applied to describe the kinds of English *-ing* forms found in the magazine is deletion method. Meanwhile, to explain the functions of English *-ing* forms found in the magazine, expansion method is used.

The data analysis shows that there are 227 English *-ing* forms, which consist of 103 gerund, 84 present participle, 26 noun, and 14 adjective. Meanwhile, the data analysis indicates that 17 data function as subject, which consist of 13 gerund and 4 noun in sentence. Next, there are 19 present participle which function as predicate. Further, 22 data function as direct object consisting of 15 gerund and 7 noun. Then, 80 data function as object of preposition, which include 68 gerund and 12 noun. Furthermore, there are 74 data act as modifier consisting of 7 gerund, 64 present participle, 1 noun, and 2 adjective. Next, 2 noun act as subjective complement, 11 adjective serve as subjective complement, and no gerund functions as subjective complement. Moreover, there are 1 present participle acts as objective complement and 1 adjective acts as objective complement.

Actually, English *-ing* forms in the *Campus* magazine is mainly aimed to create sentences of great variety. Instead of using so many words in such a sentence construction, the writer applied English *-ing* forms in various ways. As a result, the sentences contained *-ing* form become more colorful and interesting.

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