

## CHAPTER V

### CONCLUSION

The research entitled *A Morphosyntactic Study on English Derived Adverbs* is concerned with the formation processes and functions of English derived adverbs. As a matter of fact, English derived adverbs may be formed through derivation, compounding, conversion, and suppletion. Furthermore, the functional slots commonly filled by English derived adverbs are adjective modifier, verb modifier, adverb modifier, and sentence modifier.

This research is descriptive in nature. The data of this research were taken from *Time* magazine of May 24<sup>th</sup>, 2010. The population was all derived adverbs used in sentence constructions in the magazine. All of the derived adverbs were analyzed one by one. Hence, total sampling was applied here.

The data analysis showed that in terms of their formation processes, most of the derived adverbs were constructed through derivation. The number of the derived adverbs formed through derivation was 96 (93.20%). They were derived from adjective bases with addition of derivational affixes. While, the most uncommon process to form derived adverbs was conversion. There was only 1 (0.97%) derived adverb formed through conversion. Meanwhile, 2 (1.94%) derived adverbs were constructed through compounding and 4 (3.88%) derived adverbs were constructed through suppletion.

Based on their syntactical functions, English derived adverbs filled four functional slots in the magazine. They were verb modifier, adjective modifier, adverb modifier, and sentence modifier. Most of those English derived adverbs namely, 72 (69.90%) functioned as verb modifier. Functioning as verb modifier, the derived adverbs added the way of the action word in sentence constructions. Next, there were 18 (17.4%) derived adverbs which functioned as adjective modifier in sentence. They consisted of 16 (15.53%) derived adverbs functioned as real adjective modifier and 2 (1.94%) derived adverbs functioned as participle modifier. Functioning as adjective modifier, the derived adverbs were followed by the adjectives they modified. Further, the derived adverbs functioning as sentence modifier were 12 (11.65%) in number. Functioning as sentence modifier, the derived adverbs were placed in the beginning, middle, or final positions of the sentences they modified. Meanwhile, the most uncommon functional slot filled by derived adverbs was adverb modifier. There was only 1 (0.97%) derived adverb which functioned as adverb modifier in the magazine.

## BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Azwar, Saifudin. 2001. *Metode Penelitian*. Yogyakarta: Pustaka Pelajar.
- Bauer, Laurie. 1983. *English Word Formation*. London: Cambridge University Press.
- Biber, Douglas et al. 1999. *Longman: Grammar of Spoken and Written English*. London: Longman.
- Crystal, David. 1980. *A First Dictionary of Linguistics and Phonetics*. London: Andre Deutsch Limited.
- Djajasudarma, T. Fatima. 1993. *Metode Linguistik: Ancangan Metode Penelitian dan Kajian*. Bandung: P.T. Eresco.
- Frank, Marcella. 1972. *Modern English: A Practical Reference Guide*. New Jersey: Prentice-Hall. Inc.
- Fromkin, Victoria and Robert Rodman. 1993. *An Introduction to Language*. Florida: Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc.
- Hornby, A. S. 1969. *A Guide to Patterns and Usage in English*. London: Oxford University Press.
- Izzan, Ahmad. 2006. *Basic English Grammar*. Jakarta: Kesaint Blanc.
- Marzuki. 1981. *Metodologi Riset*. Yogyakarta: Badan Penerbitan Fakultas Ekonomi – Universitas Islam Indonesia.
- Matthews, P.H. 1987. *Syntax*. London: Cambridge University Press.
- McMahan, Elizabeth and Susan Day. 1984. *The Writer's Rhetoric and Handbook*. Caledonia: McGraw-Hill, Inc.
- Nazir, Mohammad. 1988. *Metode Penelitian*. Jakarta: Ghalia Indonesia.
- Quirk, Randolph and Sydney Greenbaum. 1973. *A University Grammar of English*. Hong Kong: Longman.

- Sinclair, John et al. 1990. *Collins Cobuild English Grammar*. London: Harper Collins Publisher.
- Surakhmad, Winarno. 1978. *Dasar dan Teknik Research: Pengantar Metodologi Ilmiah*. Bandung: Penerbit Tarsito.
- Sutrisno Hadi. 1986. *Methodology Research*. Yogyakarta: Yayasan Penerbitan Fakultas Psikology Universitas Gajah Mada.
- Tressler, J.C. 1951. *English in Action*. Boston:D.C. Health and Company.
- Verhaar, J. W. M. 1982. *Pengantar Linguistik*. Yogyakarta: Gajah Mada University Press.
- Vredembregt, Jacob. 1978. *Metode dan Teknik Penelitian Masyarakat*. Jakarta: P.T. Gramedia.
- Wishon, George E. and Julia M. Burks. 1980. *Let's Write English*. New York: American Book Company.
- Brown, Dunstan. 2009. *English Word Formation*. London: Surrey Press.