CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION

This research entitled "An Analysis of Frequency Adverb in English". This thesis is focused on two problems that have to be solved. The reason of choosing this topic is that the researcher wants to know the frequency adverbs more deeply and studies frequency adverbs, people know where to place frequency adverbs in the right position. Those problems describe the structure of frequency adverbs in English and describe the use of frequency adverbs in English. The data which is analyzed are taken from *Time Magazine* edition of January up to June 2006.

In this research, in analyzing the data in order to solve the problems, the writer of this thesis uses research method that is descriptive method. This method is done by collecting, classifying, and analyzing the data. In analyzing data this research applied two techniques. They are expansion technique and repetition technique. After doing those activities, the writer applies the library research by taking and collecting the most appropriate data. The total numbers of data in this research are 30 sentence.

Being analyzed the data and the problems, the writer finds the structure of frequency adverb in English. The first is the structure of frequency adverb sometimes which consists of sometimes + S + P, S + sometimes + P, and S + P + sometimes. The second is the structure of frequency adverb always which consists of S + always + P. The third is the structure of frequency adverb usually that

consists of S + usually + P. The fourth is structure of frequency adverb rarely which consists of S + rarely + P. The fifth is structure of frequency adverb often that consists of S + often + P. The sixth is structure of frequency adverb never that consists of S + never + P. The seventh is structure of frequency adverb seldom that consists of S + seldom + P.

Besides, the writer finds the use of frequency adverb in English. Those adverb frequency consists of *sometimes*, showing the something happens irregularly, *always* showing the activity that happens in a certain time, *usually* showing the activity that is done so often but not full in intensity, *rarely* showing the activity that happens not very frequently or so low in frequency, *often* showing something happens nearly much in frequency but it is not full, *never* is the activity that never happens, and *seldom* is something that happens so limited.

Finally, frequency adverbs in English can be used properly when the user of it have a good knowledge on their structure and how they applying are in sentences.

BIBLIOGRAHPY

- Akmajan, Adrian et al. 1988. Linguistics: An Introduction to Language and Communication. Massachusetts: The MIT Press.
- Aminuddin. 1988. Semantik: Pengantar Studi Tentang Makna. Bandung: CV. Sinar Baru.
- Azar, Betty Schrampfer. 1989. *Understanding and Using English Grammar*. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.
- Chair, Abdul. 1989. Pengantar Semantik Bahasa Indonesia. Jakarta: Rineka Cipta.
- Cullicover, Peter W. 1976. Syntax. London: Academic Press Inc.
- Djajasudarma, Fatima T. 1993. Metode Linguistik: Ancangan Metode Penelitian dan Kajian. Bandung: PT. Eresco.
- Frank, Marcella. 1972. *Modern English: A Practical Reference Guide*. New Jersey: Prentice-Hall. Inc.
- Hornby, A.S. 1969. A Guide to Patterns and Usage in English. London: Oxford University Press.
- Matthews, P.H. 1987. Syntax. London: Cambridge University Press.
- Nasir, Moh. 1998. Methodology Penelitian. Jakarta: Ghalia Indonesia.
- Opdycke, John. B. 1983. *Harper's English Grammar*. New York: A Warner Communication Company.
- Sapir, Edward. 1949. Language: An Introduction to the Study of Speech. New York: A Harvest Book.
- Stevens, Martin and Charles H. Kegel. 1966. A Glossary for College English. New York: Mc. Grawin. Hill Book Company.
- Surakhmad, Winarno. 1978. Dasar dan Teknik Research: Pengantar Metode Ilmiah. Bandung: CV. Transito.
- Sutrisno, Hadi. 1986. *Methodology Research*. Yogyakarta: Fakultas Psikologi Gajah Mada.

- Swan, Michael. 1985. Practical English Usage. Toronto: Oxford University Press.
- Tarigan, Henry Guntur. 1985. Pengajaran Semantik. Bandung: Angkasa.
- Thomson, A.J. and A.V. Martinet. 1986. A Practical English Grammar. Toronto: Oxford University Press.
- Victoria, Fromkin and Robert Rodman. 1967. An Introduction to Language. New York: Holt, Rinehartand Winston.
- Vreshenbregt, Jacob. 1978. Metode dan Teknik Penelitian Masyarakat. Jakarta: Gramedia.