

**A MORPHO-SYNTACTIC ANALYSIS OF ENGLISH DERIVED  
NOUNS**



A Thesis Presented to the English Department,  
the Faculty of Letters, Widya Mandala University  
as a Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements  
for the Sarjana Degree  
in English

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Nomer Induk	136
Tanggal Terima	31 Maret 2008
BELI	
MADIAN	
No. Kode Buku	2008/ ENIG / DEV/
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**THE FACULTY OF LETTERS  
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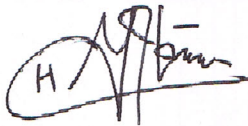
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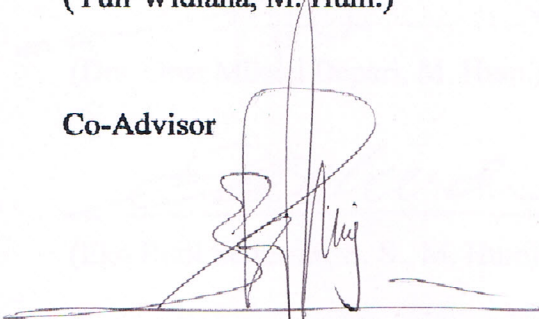
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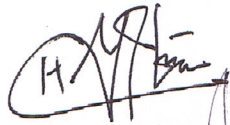
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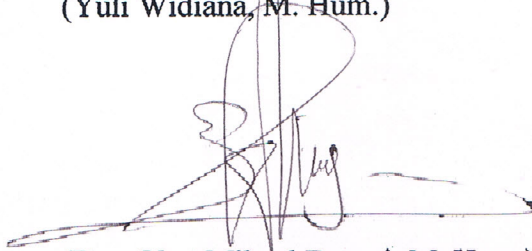
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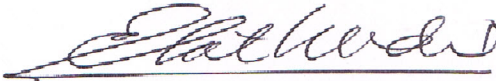
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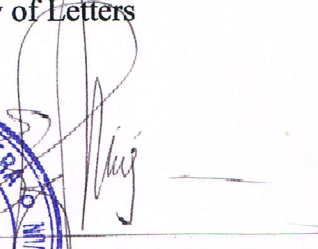


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Dean,



(Drs. Obat Mikael Depari, M. Hum.)

## **DEDICATION**

This thesis is dedicated to:

- My Almighty God
- My beloved parents
- My lovely sister
- My dearest fiance
- My Alma Mater

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

First of all, I would like to dedicate this document to what I call my  
guardian God, who has been ever with me in accomplishing this thesis.

On the great occasion of great appreciation and gratitude, I would like to  
thank the faculty of University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, for their  
invaluable support and advice in the completion of this thesis. I would like to  
thank my advisor, Dr. [Name], for his constant guidance and support. I  
would also like to thank my friends and family for their love and support.  
Finally, I would like to thank my parents for their unconditional love and  
support throughout my life.

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support throughout my life. I would like to thank my parents for their  
unconditional love and support. I would also like to thank my friends  
for their love and support. Finally, I would like to thank my guardian  
God for his constant guidance and support.

**MOTTO:**

**All's well that ends well**

**(William Shakespeare)**

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

First of all, I would like to dedicate the deepest gratitude to Allah S.W.T., the Almighty God, who has been enormously blessing me to accomplish this thesis.

On this great occasion, a great appreciation and gratefulness are rendered to the Dean of Faculty of Letters of Widya Mandala Madiun Drs. Obat Mikael Depari, M. Hum. all at once as my co-advisor, for his correction, patience and wise advises. Without his guidance and attention I would never be able to accomplish this thesis. Moreover, I thank to my advisor Yuli Widiyana, M. Hum., for her kindness and patience, so I am able to finish my thesis. Then, I am grateful to all my lecturers who have enriched my knowledge and wisdom.

Furthermore, a huge thankfulness I present to my beloved parents Sugina, S. Sos. and Sri Kuswantini, who have given me everything they have to support me finishing this thesis financially and spiritually. I also thank to my lovely sister Bella Anggitarani who always makes me happy. Finally, I present my sincere pleasure to my dearest fiance, Mahendra Yudiana, S. E., who has given me his love, support, attention, and faithfulness to help me during the process of writing this thesis financially and spiritually. I am so thankful to Rovika, Rahmawati, and Aluanita and all of people that I cannot mention one by one. We have been together for so long, helped each other through good and bad time, thanks for everything you give. Thanks for coloring my life.

ALVIA DEVITARANI

## ABSTRAK

ALVIA DEVITARANI. (2008). A MORPHO-SYNTACTIC ANALYSIS OF ENGLISH DERIVED NOUNS.

Madiun: Jurusan Sastra Inggris, Fakultas Sastra, Universitas Widya Mandala

Skripsi ini membahas tentang fungsi dan formasi pembentukan kata benda. Ada dua pertanyaan untuk dijawab. Pertama, apa fungsi pembentukan kata benda dalam bahasa Inggris? Kedua, jenis formasi kata apakah yang membentuknya?

Untuk mencapai sasaran tersebut, skripsi ini menggunakan metode deskriptif dalam mengumpulkan data, yaitu mengumpulkan, menyusun, mengklasifikasi, menganalisis, dan menafsirkan data. Ada dua jenis data, yaitu data utama dan data pendukung. Data utama diambil dari penulis majalah *TIME* itu sendiri. Data pendukung diambil dari majalah itu sendiri, teori morfologi oleh Metthew, teori sintaksis oleh Nida, teori morfo-sintaksis oleh Richard, dan teori kata benda oleh Frank.

Analisis pembentukan kata benda ini dibagi dalam dua bentuk. Yang pertama merupakan fungsi pembentukan kata benda yang terdapat dalam majalah berbahasa Inggris *TIME*. Pembentukan kata benda dapat berfungsi sebagai subjek, objek, pelengkap, dan pembatas. Kedua, peneliti menganalisis formasi pembentukan kata benda dalam majalah tersebut. Pembentukan kata benda dalam bahasa Inggris terbentuk melalui beberapa proses bentukan, yaitu pemajemukan, derivasi, coinage, echoism, blending, clipping, akronim, back formation, pinjaman, antonomasia, reduplikasi, dan conversi.

Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa pembentukan kata benda yang berfungsi sebagai subjek sebanyak 35 (29.16%), sebagai objek langsung sebanyak 25 (20.83%), sebagai objek kata depan sebanyak 38 (31.67%), sebagai pelengkap subjek sebanyak 11 (9.16%), dan sebagai pembatas sebanyak 11 (9.16%). Kenyataannya, tidak ada pembentukan kata benda dalam bahasa Inggris yang terdapat di majalah *TIME* yang berfungsi sebagai objek tidak langsung dan pelengkap objek. Sementara itu, pembentukan kata benda dalam bahasa Inggris yang terbentuk melalui pemajemukan sebanyak 31 (25.83%), derivasi sebanyak 46 (38.33%), clipping sebanyak 4 (3.33%), antonomasia sebanyak 2 (1.66%), reduplikasi sebanyak 1 (0.83%), borrowing sebanyak 8 (6.66%), akronimi sebanyak 11 (9.16%), dan conversi sebanyak 17 (14.16%). Tetapi, peneliti tidak menemukan pembentukan kata benda dalam bahasa Inggris yang terbentuk melalui blending, coinage, back formation, dan echoism dalam majalah ini.



## ABSTRACT

ALVIA DEVITARANI. (2008). A MORPHO-SYNTACTIC ANALYSIS OF ENGLISH DERIVED NOUNS.

Madiun: English Department, Faculty of Letters, Widya Mandala University

This research focuses on the function and formation of English derived nouns. There are two questions to answer. First, what are the functions of English derived nouns? Second, what kinds of word formation processes do they undergo?

To achieve the objectives, this thesis uses descriptive method for collecting the data, that is, collecting, arranging, classifying, analyzing, and interpreting the data. There are two kinds of data: primary and secondary data. The primary data are obtained from the writers of *TIME* magazine themselves. The secondary data are taken from the magazine itself, the theory of morphology by Metthew, the theory of syntax by Nida, the theory of morpho-syntactic by Richard, and the theory noun by Frank.

The analysis of English derived nouns is divided into two. The first one is the function of English derived nouns in *TIME* magazine. The English derived nouns may function as subject, object, complement, and modifier. The second, the researcher analyzes the formation of English derived nouns found in the magazine. The English derived nouns are formed through some formation processes, namely compounding, derivation, coinage, echoism, blending, clipping, acronymy, back formation, borrowing, antonomasia, reduplication, and conversion.

The result of the data analysis shows that the derived nouns functioning as subject are 35 (29.16%), as direct object are 25 (20.83%), as object of preposition are 38 (31.67%), as subjective complement are 11 (9.16%), and as modifier are 11 (9.16%). In fact, no English derived nouns in *TIME* magazine of 2006 function as indirect object and objective complement. Meanwhile, the English derived nouns undergoing compounding are 31 (25.83%), derivation are 46 (38.33%), clipping are 4 (3.33%), antonomasia are 2 (1.66%), reduplication are 1 (0.83%), borrowing are 8 (6.66%), acronymy are 11 (9.16%), and conversion are 17 (14.16%). But, the researcher does not find English derived nouns undergo blending, coinage, back formation, and echoism in the magazine.

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