

AN ANALYSIS ON THE USE OF GRAMMATICAL COHESION IN CHARLES DICKENS' OLIVER TWIST



**A Thesis Presented to the English Department,
the Faculty of Letters, Widya Mandala University
as a Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements
for the Sarjana Degree
in English**

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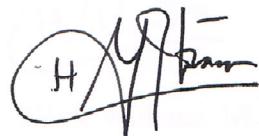
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(Yuli Widiana, M.Hum.)

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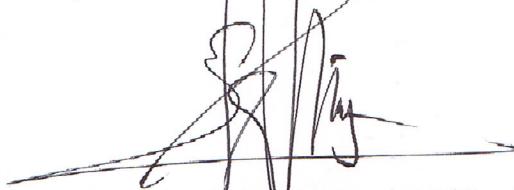
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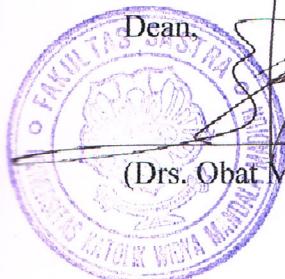


(Drs. Obat Mikael Depari, M.Hum)

Acknowledged by, 24 MAY 2008

The Faculty of Letters

Dean,



(Drs. Obat Mikael Depari, M.Hum)

DEDICATION

This thesis is dedicated to:

- My Almighty God
- My parents
- My brother
- My Alma Mater

MOTTO

The motto of the Society of Engineers and Architects is "Where there is a will there is a way". This motto was adopted by the Society of Engineers and Architects in 1910. It is a well-known proverb that has been used in many different contexts. In the context of engineering and architecture, it means that if you have a clear vision and a strong desire to achieve something, then there is always a way to do it. It is a reminder to all engineers and architects that they should not give up easily and should always strive to find a solution to their problems. The motto is also a symbol of the Society's commitment to excellence and innovation. It serves as a reminder to all members that they should always be willing to take risks and try new things in order to succeed.

"Where there is a will there is a way"

(Proverb)

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

First of all, I would like to dedicate the deepest gratitude to Allah S.W.T, the Almighty God, who has granted blessing me that I finally can finish this thesis.

On this occasion, my great appreciation and gratefulness are rendered to the Dean of the Faculty of Letters of Widya Mandala Madiun, Drs. Obat Mikael Depari, M. Hum., who has approved this thesis and being one of the examining committee, thank you very much for giving me valuable suggestion and revision to develop my thesis. Then, I would like to give my special thank to my advisor, Yuli Widiana, M. Hum., for her kindness and patience, so I am able to finish my thesis. Moreover, I thank Fransisca Dian Juanita, S.S., M.Pd., my co-advisor, for her correction, patience, and wise advises, without her guidance and attention I would never be able to accomplish this thesis. Then, I am grateful to all my lecturers who have enriched me with knowledge and wisdom.

Furthermore, a huge thankfulness is presented to my late beloved father, Asmanto, who is always in my mind, and to my beloved mother, Sri Djayati, who has given me everything to support me in finishing this thesis financially and spiritually. I also thank to my brother Adjie Pramu Riyanto, S.T., who always advices me. Finally, I am so thankful my lovely friends, dik Pitch (Rovika), dik Dar (Alvia Devitarani, S.S), Dete, Grace, who help me not only in good but also in bad times. I am also in debt to Vula Mey Tashari, S.S., who lends me her books to support my thesis and all of people that I cannot mention one by one.

ABSTRACT

NIA ENGGAR PRESTIASARI.(2008). AN ANALYSIS ON THE USE OF GRAMMATICAL COHESION IN CHARLES DICKENS' *OLIVER TWIST*.
Madiun: English Department, the Faculty of Letters, Widya Mandala University.

This study discusses discourse analysis, especially cohesion. In this study, the writer has some purposes that are to describe the types of grammatical cohesion and the function of grammatical cohesion which are applied in Charles Dickens' *Oliver Twist*. The grammatical cohesions are classified into reference, substitution, ellipsis, and conjunction. Then, the grammatical cohesions may function as subject, predicate, object, complement, and modifier.

The data in this study consist of words, phrases, clauses, and sentences which are taken from a novel *Oliver Twist*. The method of research that is used in this thesis is descriptive method. Here, after reading the novel, the writer collects the data, classifies the data and analysis them. Finally, the writer makes the conclusion based on the result the research. Reference equivalent is applied in this study to determine the kind of grammatical cohesion. While, theory of Tagmemics is used to determine the function of grammatical cohesion.

The analysis of grammatical cohesion is divided into two. First, the writer analyzes the kinds of grammatical cohesion used in Charles Dickens' *Oliver Twist*. Grammatical cohesion is classified into *reference*, *substitution*, *ellipsis*, and *conjunction*. The second, the writer also analyzes the function of grammatical cohesion found in the novel. Grammatical cohesion may function as *subject*, *predicate*, *object*, *complement*, and *modifier*.

Applying the research method, this study results 70 sentences of grammatical cohesion which is applied in *Oliver Twist*. Grammatical cohesion is classified into four kinds; they are *reference*, *substitution*, *ellipsis*, and *conjunction*. The reference consists of 16 sentences, substitution consists of 8 sentences, ellipsis consists of 4 sentences, and conjunction consists of 14 sentences. Besides, the analysis in this study also results the function of grammatical cohesion, they are as *subject*, *predicate*, *object*, *complement*, and *modifier*. The grammatical cohesion functioning as *subject* is reference; as *predicate* is substitution; as *complement* are reference, substitution, and ellipsis; and as *modifier* are reference and substitution. Then, conjunction just acts as connector.

ABSTRAK

NIA ENGGAR PRESTIASARI.(2008). AN ANALYSIS ON THE USE OF GRAMMATICAL COHESIONS IN CHARLES DICKENS' *OLIVER TWIST*.
Madiun: Jurusan Sastra Inggris, Fakultas Sastra, Universitas Widya Mandala.

Penelitian ini membahas analisis wacana, khususnya tentang kohesi dalam sebuah wacana. Dalam hal ini, penulis mempunyai beberapa tujuan yaitu untuk menggambarkan jenis dan fungsi dari kohesi gramatikal yang digunakan dalam novel Oliver Twist yang ditulis oleh Charles Dickens. Kohesi gramatikal diklasifikasikan dalam *reference*, *substitution*, *ellipsis* dan *conjunction*. Kemudian, kohesi gramatikal dapat berfungsi sebagai subjek, predikat, objek, pelengkap, dan pemodifikasi

Data yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini terdiri atas kata, frase, klausa, dan kalimat yang diambil dari novel *Oliver Twist*. Metode penelitian yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini adalah metode deskriptif. Dalam hal ini, setelah membaca novel, penulis mengumpulkan data, mengklasifikasikan data, dan menganalisisnya. Akhirnya, penulis menarik simpulan berdasarkan hasil penelitian. Teknik padanan diaplikasikan dalam penelitian ini untuk menentukan jenis kohesi gramatikal. Sedangkan teori tagmemik digunakan untuk menentukan fungsi kohesi gramatikal.

Analisis tentang kohesi gramatikal dibagi menjadi dua. Pertama penulis menganalisis jenis kohesi gramatikal dalam novel Oliver Twist yang ditulis oleh Charles Dickens. Kohesi gramatikal diklasifikasian dalam *reference*, *substitution*, *ellipsis* dan *conjunction*. Kedua, penulis juga menganalisis fungsi kohesi gramatikal yang ditemukan dalam novel. Kohesi gramatikal bisa berfungsi sebagai subyek, predikat, obyek, pelengkap, dan pemodifikasi.

Dengan menerapkan metode descriptif, penelitian ini menemukan 70 kalimat yang mengandung kohesi gramatikal yang diaplikasikan dalam novel *Oliver Twist*. Kohesi gramatikal diklasifikasikan menjadi empat jenis yaitu *reference*, *substitution*, *ellipsis*, dan *conjunction*. Reference terdiri atas 16 kalimat, substitution terdiri atas 8 kalimat, ellipsis terdiri atas 4 kalimat, dan conjunction terdiri atas 14 kalimat. Selain itu, analisis dalam penelitian ini juga menemukan fungsi kohesi gramatikal yaitu subjek, predikat, pelengkap, dan pemodifikasi. Kohesi gramatikal yang berfungsi sebagai subjek adalah reference; yang berfungsi sebagai predikat adalah substitution; yang berfungsi sebagai pelengkap adalah reference, substitution, dan ellipsis; dan yang berfungsi sebagai pemodifikasi adalah reference dan substitution. Sedangkan conjunction hanya berfungsi sebagai penghubung.

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