

**AN ANALYSIS OF SUFFIX *-LY* AND ITS DERIVATIVES
IN ENGLISH**



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**By:
LIANAWATI
NIM: 21402036**

S10263

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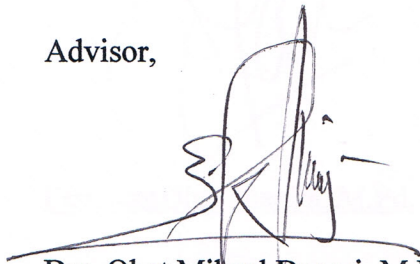
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Advisor,

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of a large, stylized initial 'D' followed by a cursive name.

Drs. Obat Mikael Depari, M.Hum.

Co-Advisor,

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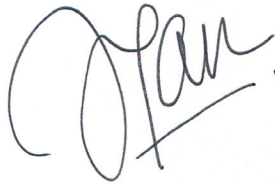
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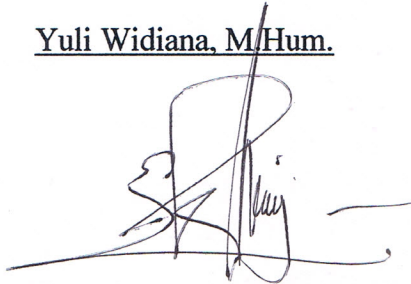
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Fransisca Dian Juanita, M.Pd.



Yuli Widiana, M/Hum.




Drs. Obat Mikael Depari, M.Hum.

Acknowledged by, **25 JAN 2007**
The Faculty of Letters

Dean,

Eko Budi Setiawan, S.S.



This thesis is dedicated to:

The Almighty God, Jesus Christ

my mom and brother

my true lover

my beloved friends

my Alma Mater

All of the lecturers of English Department

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Motto:

True friendship is like sound health.
The value of it is seldom known until it be lost.

(Charles Caleb Colton)

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Lianawati

ABSTRAK

Pada umumnya, kata dalam bahasa Inggris terbentuk dari satuan unit terkecil yang tidak dapat dibagi menjadi bagian terkecil yang disebut morfem. Ada 2 macam morfem yakni morfem terikat dan morfem bebas. Morfem terikat biasanya imbuhan awalan atau akhiran dan tidak bisa berdiri sendiri. Sedangkan morfem bebas dapat berdiri sendiri. Akhiran *-ly* sebagai morfem terikat bisa dilekatkan pada kata sifat dan kata benda.

Dalam penelitian ini, peneliti menggunakan metode deskriptif karena metode ini dianggap paling sesuai dengan tahapan mengumpulkan, mengklasifikasi, dan menganalisis data. Dalam penelitian ini peneliti, menggunakan total sampling karena seluruh data yang diperoleh hanya 100 kata sehingga memungkinkan penulis menganalisis satu persatu.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa 88 kata berakhiran *-ly* adalah sebagai kata keterangan dan 12 kata berakhiran *-ly* adalah sebagai kata sifat. Kata keterangan terbentuk dari kata benda, kata sifat dalam bentuk sederhana, kata sifat yang sudah berimbuhan, kata sifat berakhiran *-ed*, dan kata sifat berakhiran *-ing*. Selain itu kata sifat berakhiran *-ly* bisa terbentuk dari kata benda dan kata sifat. Kata sifat berakhiran *-ly* dikategorikan sebagai atribut, predikat, dan menerangkan frase kata benda. Kata keterangan berakhiran *-ly* bisa dikategorikan sebagai kata keterangan yang menjelaskan waktu, pernyataan, keraguan, cara, dan tingkat.

ABSTRACT

Generally, English word is formed by the smallest meaningful unit, that cannot be broken down any further into recognizable meaningful parts, which is called morpheme. There are two morphemes: bound morphemes and free morphemes. Bound morphemes are usually affixes, suffix or prefix and they cannot stand alone as a single word. While, free morphemes can stand alone as a single word. Suffix *-ly* as a bound morpheme can be attached by nouns and adjectives and the results are adjective and adverb.

In this research, the researcher uses descriptive method because it is considered as the most appropriate method in relation to the problem of this research. This method uses some steps: collecting, classifying, and analyzing the data. In fact, the population of this research is only 100 words, which is not too large in number to analyze. That is why, the study applies total sampling. It means that all of the data are analyzed one by one.

The result of this research shows 88 of words ending in *-ly* are as adverb and 12 of words ending in *-ly* are as adjective. Adverbs ending in *-ly* are formed from noun + *-ly*, simpler adjective + *-ly*, derived adjective + *-ly*, *-ed* adjective + *-ly*, and *-ing* adjective + *-ly*. Besides, adjectives ending in *-ly* are formed from nouns and the adjective itself. In addition, adjectives ending in *-ly* can be categorized as attributive, predicative, and the head of a noun phrase. While, adverbs ending in *-ly* can be categorized as adverb of affirmation, adverb of time, adverb of degree, adverb of manner, adverb of doubt, and gradable adverb.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Contents	Page
PAGE OF TITLE	i
STATEMENT OF ORIGINALITY	ii
APPROVAL SHEET I	iii
APPROVAL SHEET II	iv
DEDICATION	v
MOTTO	vi
ACKNOWLEDGMENT	vii
ABSTRAK	viii
ABSTRACT	ix
TABLE OF CONTENTS	x
CHAPTER I INTRODUCTION	
1.1 The Background of the Study	1
1.2 The Statement of the Problems	2
1.3 The Objectives of the Study	3
1.4 The Scope of the Study	3
1.5 The Source of Data	3
1.6 The Significance of the Study	4
CHAPTER II UNDERLYING THEORIES	
2.1 Morphology	5
2.2 Morphemes	5

2.3	Derivation	7
2.4	Affixes	9
2.4.1	Suffixes	9
2.5	Adverb	11
2.6	Adjective	15
 CHAPTER III RESEARCH METHOD		
3.1	Research Design	19
3.2	Population	20
3.3	Sample	20
3.4	Technique of Data Collecting	21
3.5	Technique of Data Analysis	22
 CHAPTER IV DATA ANALYSIS		
4.1	The Structures of Words Ending in <i>-ly</i>	24
4.1.1	Derived Adjective	25
4.1.1.1	Noun + <i>-ly</i>	25
4.1.1.2	Adjectives + <i>-ly</i>	26
4.1.2	Derived Adverb	27
4.1.2.1	Simple Adjective + <i>-ly</i>	28
4.1.2.2	Derived Adjective + <i>-ly</i>	29
4.1.2.3	Participial Adjective + <i>-ly</i>	30
4.1.2.4	Noun + <i>-ly</i>	31
4.2	The Categories of the Words Ending in <i>-ly</i>	32
4.2.1	Word Ending in <i>-ly</i> as Adjective	32

4.2.1.1 Adjective Ending in <i>-ly</i> as	
Attributive	33
4.2.1.2 Adjective Ending in <i>-ly</i> as	
Predicative	34
4.2.1.3 Adjective Ending in <i>-ly</i> as	
the Head of a Noun Phrase	34
4.2.2 Word Ending in <i>-ly</i> as Adverb	35
4.2.2.1 Adverb Ending in <i>-ly</i> as	
Adverb of Affirmation	36
4.2.2.2 Adverb Ending in <i>-ly</i> as	
Adverb of Degree	36
4.2.2.3 Adverb Ending in <i>-ly</i> as	
Adverb of Manner	37
4.2.2.4 Adverb Ending in <i>-ly</i> as	
Adverb of Time	39
4.2.2.5 Adverb Ending in <i>-ly</i> as	
Adverb of Doubt	39
4.2.2.6 Adverb Ending in <i>-ly</i> as	
Gradable Adverb	40
CHAPTER V CONCLUSION	42
LIST OF DATA	44
BIBLIOGRAPHY	