CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

1.1. The Background of The Problem

As human life we need something to entertain us. Literature is a literary work, which expresses and communicates thoughts, feelings and attitudes toward life throughout a written language. We like to tell people about things that happened to us and we want to hear of things that happened to other people throughout some ways such as reading literary works. Hudson (1965: 10) in this book *An introduction to the study of literature* says:

Literature is a vital record of what men have seen in this life, what they have experienced of it, what they have through and felt about those aspects of it which have the most immediate enduring interest for all of us

As we know that literature is imagination of our feeling that arises in our lives through our experience to fill our desire. Jones (1968:1) in *An Outline of Literature* says that literature is a simply another way, we can experience the world around us through our imagination. It means that we can express our idea that happens in our daily lives and shows it into literary works.

We can see that literature consists of prose, drama and poetry. In An Outline of literature by Jones (11968:8) Novel is a long story written in

prose, but it is long it differs from a short story in other ways too. It means that short story focuses on one incident but a novel has many incidents and long story. A drama is a work of literature which describes life and human activities by means of presenting various actions and dialogues. In Norton's book (1974:969) The Norton Anthology of English Literature poetry which is delineation of the deeper and more secret workings of human emotion is interesting only to those to whom it recalls what they have felt. We must use our imagination to conceive such words of poem. Almost of the people find poetry difficult to read, but to get pleasure from poetry we must bring something to his reading. Reaske (1966:5) in his book How to Analyze Poetry says that we take that leap of faith because we have found that analyzing poetry is an enjoyable and provoactive mental exercise. Each word in a poem is selected for a particular reason, because of words various connotation so we must learn it and learn how to read it. Furthermore, the writer analyzes the theme on William Wordsworth's poems. William Wordsworth's poems expressed through the beauty of nature. Most of his poems tell that the nature is a symbol of beauty, happiness and morality. All the people have the experience, problem and emotional in their lives.

1.2. The Reason for Choosing the Title.

By reading poetry, the writer can improve and enrich her experience of live. In poetry, we can get special interest, because poetry is very interesting to read. Most of poem attempted to be complex ironi and satiry.

A group of poems expreses in the age of Romanticism is William Wordsworth's poems. Romantic period describes about the poor who live in the lowest class. In other hand, the industrialist and many of the merchants live prosperously and these are people as the subject in Romantic period.. In England, the Romantic period was signed to take repressive measures.

So the reason for choosing the title are firstly, in order to know about the life of William Wordsworth's poems. Secondly, she wants to know about the meaning of the theme itself. While the last is to know about the theme on William Wordsworth's poems.

I. 3. The Method Of Writing

In writing thesis, she uses a library research. She also uses some books as supporting references. The poems used as the source of the primary data are William Wordsworth's poems. Beside that, the writer looks for more information from several books in the library, dictionary and other books. The writer hopes that the discussion will be clear and easy to understand.

In analyzing the poem, the writer uses deductive method. Deductive method is a method of reasoning which begins with general information and goes on to describe the specific one which is related to the discussion. (Hadi, 1986: 36). By using the deductive method, the writer hopes that the discussion can be solved.

L. 4. The Scope of The Problem

In this thesis, the writer gives the scope of the problem in order to avoid a complicated discussion. In a poetry has some elements, they are theme, symbol, characterization, imagery, and style. Here, the writer just analyzes the theme of William Wordsworth's poems, because the theme is very important part of the poetry. After that the writer wants to know the similarities and the differences themes of his poems.

1.5. The Aims of the Study

The purposes of the study are as follows:

- Analyze the similarities among three poems are She Dwelt Among the Untrodden Ways (Lucy), She was a Phantom of Delight and I Traveled among unknown men.
- 2. Analyze the differences among three poems are She Dwelt Among the Untrodden Ways (Lucy), She was a Phantom of Delight and I Traveled among unknown men Analyze the similarities among three poems are She Dwelt Among the Untrodden Ways (Lucy), She was a Phantom of Delight and I Traveled among unknown men.

1.6. The Organization of Thesis

The thesis consists of five chapters.

Chapters I is the Introduction of the thesis which consists of background of the problem, the reason for choosing the title, the method of

writing, the scope of the problem, the aim of writing and the organization of thesis.

Chapter II explains the biography of poet and the list of his works.

Chapter III contains of the theory which consist of the meaning of Romantic Period and the meaning of theme.

Chapter IV consists of three poems that are analyzed. The first is the analysis of the themes William Wordsworth's three poems are She Dwelt Among the Untrodden Ways (Lucy), She was a Phantom of Delight and I Traveled among unknown men. The second the analyze of the similarities and differences themes of three poems are She Dwelt Among the Untrodden Ways (Lucy), She was a Phantom of Delight and I Traveled among unknown men.

Chapter V the writer will give the conclusion about that have been discussed.